PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 31. PITTSBURGH, NOVEMBER 22, 1816. Vol. 31

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN RENO,
A few barrels Flaxseed Oil,
Together with a general assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 15, 1816—2awtf

GILLAND & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
From Philadelphia,
An excellent assortment of
WINTER GOODS,
AMONGST WHICH ARE

WOODS imperial cloths, assorted colours
Superfine and fine do.
Woods best black and blue milled cassimeres
Ditto mixed ditto
Princess Cords and Stockinetts
Vestings of all kinds
1 Bale Flannels assorted
1 Case Bombazettes ditto
12 doz. first quality Lambs wool socks assorted colours
20 doz fine black grey and white worsted ditto
20 doz worsted hose assorted colours
Burbon coffee by the bag and barrel

together with a general and extensive assortment of goods to suit this market which will be sold on good terms for cash linnen bags bees wax or flaxseed.
Pittsburgh Nov. 18, 1816—6t

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on Sunday the 10th inst. from the subscriber, SAMUEL M'BRIDE, an indented apprentice to the tailoring business; had two years to serve. Had on when he went off, a green coattee, grey pantaloons and vest; is about 19 years of age, five feet six inches high, light hair, and fresh coloured His father resides in this city, a brick layer by trade. As he has gone off without any cause whatever, I forewarn all persons from harboring him as I am determined to prosecute as the law directs. Ten dollars will be given for information where he may be found, or twenty dollars on securing him so as the subscriber shall obtain him.
JOHN BAIRD, Tailor, Diamond.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 19, 1816—3t

THE SUBSCRIBER
Offers For Sale,

The following valuable property, viz.

96 ACRES of ground on Coal hill below the mouth of Sawmill run. From this ground there is a beautiful view of the city.

108 acres, three miles from Greensburgh This is good land covered with timber, which on account of being so near town makes it more valuable than if clear.

243 acres on the left bank of the Ohio river, sixteen miles down from the city. On this tract there is about fifty acres of bottom on the river, cleared and wrought by a tenant. The rest is timber land, nearly all capable of being cleared and wrought, and suitable for pasture ground.

200 acres of very rich unimproved land, within eight miles of Meadville.

An undivided fourth part of about seven hundred acres in the state of Kentucky. This is very valuable, being the seat of the town of Greensburg; the county town of Green county, and situate on the bank of Green river; which is navigable from many miles above the town to the Ohio.

I will sell also a four years lease of a mill for driving grindstones. This is situated at the mouth of Sawmill run, one mile from town.

☞The title of the above property will be made indisputable.

JAMES BROWN.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 15, 1816—2awtf

German Redemptioners.

JUST arrived from Amsterdam, Tradesmen and Farmers, single and married, who are willing to bind themselves for the payment of their passage money, amounting to about ninety dollars, for a term of three years, and their children being upwards of four years old until they are of age on paying half passage money The steady habits of these people and their general character for honesty and industry it is supposed would render them particularly desirable in a country, where the procuring of assistance is difficult and uncertain. For further particulars apply to
BOSLER & CO. or to
GLAZER & SMITH
of Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh, November 15, 1816—3t

Farmers and Mechanicks Bank of Pittsburgh,

November 4, 1816

THE board of Directors have this day declared a dividend on the stock of this Bank, for the last half year, at the rate of *four per centum;* which will be paid to the stock holders any time after the 16th inst.

G. LUCKEY, Cashier.

The Tavern and Ferry,

ON Liberty Street, in the City of Pittsburgh, are offered for Rent on *Perpetual Lease.*—The House is a two story Brick, well finished, and the Ferry has a landing on the opposite side of the Monongahela. This property is too well known to require further description.
The Terms are, One Thousand Dollars annually, or Twelve Thousand Dollars in fee simple.
JAMES JONES.
Pittsburgh, November 4, 1816.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse.

AVERY & STEVENSON,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS,* and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh,* an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.
WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF
Stevenson's White Lead,
Warranted equal to any in the United States.
AUGUST, 9, 1816.

REMOVAL.
THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE removed from their former stand to one of the *New Stores* in Market street, next door to the corner of Third street, and adjoining Messrs. JOHNSTON & M'CLELLAND, where they offer for sale a general and well selected assortment of

Seasonable Goods at very reduced prices.

DUVAL & SHORT.

Also to let, and possession given immediately, a Store Room in Market street, enquire as above.
D. & S.
Pittsburgh, November 12, 1816—3w

H. Bonnet & F. Rouaud,

HAVING contracted a Partnership, respectfully inform their respective customers in town and abroad, and the public, that their business will henceforth be carried on under the firm of

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Who have now for Sale in Diamond Alley, and daily receive a complete assortment of

SILK mantua, satin, Cotton & silk velvet, Sarsenet, modes, and figured silk of any description for Milleners
Leather, kid, and silk gloves,
Sewing balls, thread and silk,
Canton senshaw, crapes, black,
Damask, levantine,
French crapes, shade,
Merino and silk cord
Madrass and any other kind of handkerchiefs
Callicoes, dimity
Brown holland,
English and India muslin of any kind
Bell, platted, shirt and silk buttons tapes, &c.
Webbing, tippets, upper side leather, white kid skins, &c.
Coffeee, tea, old 4th prf. Cogniac brandy, Madeira wine
Marseilles and other vesting, coating
Baize, flannel,
Double florence, levantine,
Silk galloons & ribbons of all sort
Ladies and gentlemens' woosted, cotton and silk stockings
Gauze, cotton, silk and thread lace,
Plaid fringed shawls
Fancy cotton, silk plaid
Fancy white and black lace shawls
Linen cambric
Bombazetts, bombazene, ginghams
Domestic cotton
Irish linen shirting muslin, long cloth
Black, blue, brown and pink cambric,
Hat covers, wires
Looking glasses, pins, needles, cotton cards
Mill and crossing saw
Tanner's oil
Super and common cloths, cassimere
Berlin cord, stockinett
Mole skins, blankets,

And other articles which they will dispose of at the lowest terms by the piece or package only, (silk of any kind, superfine cloth, and thread lace excepted) which they will cut to accommodate every one who will favour them with their custom
September 6, 1816.

P. S. Also for Sale, a large quantity of Earthen. Wares and Steel, which they will sell to Merchants as low as possible.

Cut Tacks, Sprigs, Wood Screws.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received from the Manufactory in Massachusetts, an assortment of Superior CUT TACKS, SPRIGS and WOOD SCREWS, which they will sell by the Box or Thousand. *They have also,*
PEARL ASH, BUTTER, LOAF SUGAR; SOAP and DIPT CANDLES by the Box, and an excellent assortment of CASTINGS, JUNIATA BAR IRON, &c. &c
Pittsburgh, September 26, 1816.

Bank of Pittsburgh,

November 4th, 1816.

THE President and Directors of this Institution, have this day declared a dividend of *four per cent.* for the last half year. The same will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 12th inst
ALEXR JOHNTON, Jr. *Cashier.*

Ferree's Rifle Powder.

THE subscribers have become sole agents for the sale of FERREE'S POWDER, and now offer for sale on the lowest terms a quantity of first rate *RIFLE POWDER* by the keg or larger quantity.
CROMWELL & DOBBIN.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 12, 1816—2aw6m

WILLIAM HILL

Has Just Received From Philadelphia,

And offers for sale on accommodating terms, at his

Wholesale and Retail Store,

S. E. corner of Market and Fourth streets, and at
HIS RETAIL CASH STORE,
In Market street, opposite Kerr's Hotel,

The following Fresh Goods, viz.

ONE bale rose blankets 6-4 a 12-4.
One do. flannels
One do. fine gold headed sannas
One do. fine emerties
Trusses 3 point blankets
do. duffield do.
Bocking and drapery baize
London superfine blue habit cloth
Buff and scarlet do.
Fancy coloured and black bombazette
Canton and Madrass handkerchiefs
Black and olive velvet
British check and tickings
Ladies coloured and black hosiery
Men's hose and half hose
Ladies silk and beaver gloves
Men's buckskin and beaver do
Best blue and black cloth sewings
India catty silk
Best silk twist
Hat covers and ivory combs
Prime green coffee in barrels
Java do. do.
Young Hyson tea in chests and boxes
Pepper, Allspice and ginger in kegs
Cinnamon and cloves

Queensware in assorted crates to suit Country Merchants.

IN STORE,

Superfine and second and coarse cloths
Stockinett, cords and cassimeres
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Superfine dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, jeans and dimities
Cambric, mull, book, jackonett and fancy figured muslins,
Coleram and shirting muslins
Irish linen and linen cambric
Levantine and Mantua silks
Levantine and Damask silk shawls
Cotton do.
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Ribands, galoons, shoe and quality binding
Suspenders, needles and pins, and great a variety of fancy articles.

—*ALSO,*—

Millington, Crowly and Swedish tub steel
An assortment of hardware, queensware and glass-ware
London particular Madeira wine
Teneriff, Sherry, Port and Lisbon wine
French brandy, loaf and lump sugar
Chocolate and Gunpowder tea
Allum, copperas, brimstone
Spanish and Bengal Indigo
Patent shot and bar lead
Writing paper by the ream
Bar iron and castings per ton
American blistered steel
Coal and ten plate stoves
Kentucky tobacco and American segars
6000 pounds logwood
7000 do. butter in kegs
Twilled bags, flax and tow linen, woolen socks and thread in cuts, &c. &c
Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1816—2awtf

WILLIAM HILL,

S. E. corner of Market and Fourth streets,

Has received on consignment the following

GOODS,

which will be sold very low for cash or acceptances at four and six months.

20 pieces planes, assorted colours and qualities
20 do. blue sav'd edged cloths
Fifty pair 2 1-2 point blankets
Six pieces Lyon skin
One case Berlin cords first quality.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1816—2awtf

THE BANKS
West of the Mountains,

ARE most respectfully informed, that the *BANK BILL ENGRAVING & PRINTING OFFICE* at Pittsburgh, shall in future be kept constantly open in such a style of elegance and punctuality as to merit the honor of their patronage.

The *Bank Paper* manufactured for the office, by Messrs. DRUM & MARKLE of Greensburgh, is allowed by competent judges to be equal to any in the United States.

CHARLES P. HARRISON.
Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2aw1m

CONVEYANCING.

FROM the encouragement I have received since I commenced Business in Pittsburgh, I have determined to devote my attention *exclusively* to the Business of Conveyancing.

Deeds, and every other species of Writing,

will be drawn *on the shortest notice,* and on reasonable terms, at my Office in the Diamond.
JAMES M. RIDDLE.
Pittsburgh, 26th September, 1816.
N. B Business from the Country will always be *immediately* attended to.

Woolen Warehouse,

No. 286, Market Street, Philadelphia.

THE subscriber, in addition to a large stock on hand, purchased here at reduced prices, has received a handsome assortment of

FRESH GOODS,

By the late arrivals from Liverpool, and

offers for sale the following articles per package or piece, on his usual terms,
Superfine London and Yorkshire cloths,
Second and inferior do.
Stout double milled drab do.
Ladies pelisse do. fashionable colours,
Cassimeres and fine moleskin coatings,
Olive and grey coatings,
Rose, point and striped blankets,
Baizes and flannels,
Plaids, kerseys and fearnoughts,
Stockingnetts, Bedford cords,
Waistcoating, worsted hosiery &c.

—ALSO—

On consignment 20 CASES superior London printed CALICOES; warranted fast colours.
JAMES WILLIAMS.
September 20, 1816. (O. 4) tawim.

For Sale on Perpetual Ground Rent,

THE TWO HOUSES and LOT where the subscriber now lives, nearly opposite Mr. Beelen's Store, Front street For trade or any public business there are few situations better in this city. For particulars, enquire of
RICHARD HANCOCK.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 12, 1816—tf

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by
JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh.
October 8—3awtf.

Miss Jane Lamont, Milliner,

LATE of Philadelphia has the honor to inform the Ladies of Pittsburgh and its vicinity that she has opened here a store in 4th street next door to Robert Pattersons Book Store where she has an elegant assortment of silks of any discription for both dresses and Bonnets.—And has already an assortment of Bonnets Caps Turbans &c, And will attend any commands with punctuality and dispatch and all at the most reasonable terms
Pittsburgh October 15 1816.—2aw7t.

FRESH GOODS.

T. & G. ALGEO,

In Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, and next to the Bank of Pittsburgh, have just received a general assortment of

Fashionable and Seasonable GOODS,

which they offer on moderate terms, wholesale and retail, for Cash or Country Produce.
Likewise—40,000 feet seasoned Pine Boards, first quality.
Pittsburgh, October 31, 1816. eow6t.

Taken Up

IN the Ohio river, about three miles from this City, a *LARGE PEROGUE* about fifty feet long. Nothing in her except a piece of rope about a yard long.
GEORGE KINTZER.
Noveber 19, 1816—3t

H. Bonnet and F. Rouaud,

HAVE removed their STORE to Market street, between Second and Third streets, below the *Bank of Pittsburgh*—And have just received an additional supply of *GOODS* for the season.
Pittsburgh Nov. 1, 1816—1awtf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

From the Boston Palladium Nov. 8.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Yesterday arrived at this port the brig Falcon, Capt. Lewis. in 32 days from Liverpool. By the politeness of the commander and passengers we have been favoured with London papers to the first, and Liverpool to the 2d ult. inclusive.

ALGIERS.

From the London Gazette.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, Sept. 24.

On the 28th of August, treaties of peace were signed by the Dey with his Majesty, and with his Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

On the same day also was signed an additional article or declaration for the abolition of Christian slavery, to the following effect:—

In consideration of the deep interest manifested by his Royal Highness the Prince Regent of England, for the termination of Christian slavery, his Highness the Dey of Algiers in token of his sincere desire to maintain inviolable his friendly relations with Great Britain, and to manifest his amicable disposition and high respect towards the powers of Europe, declares that in the event of future wars with any European power, not any of the prisoners shall be consigned to slavery, but treated with all humanity as prisoners of war, until regularly exchanged, according to European practice in like cases, and that at the termination of hostilities they shall be restored to their respective countries without ransom—and the practice of condemning Christian prisoners of war to slavery is hereby formally and forever renounced.

The Dey also, in presence of his Divan apologised to the Britsh Consul for the personal restraint which had been imposed upon him during the late transactions—and he also paid to the Consul the sum of three thousand dollars as a rumuneration for depredations committed on his residence, after his imprisonment.

After the treaties and articles before mentioned had been negociated, and that the Dey had released 1083 Christain slaves, who were at Algiers, it came to the knowledge of Lord Exmouth, that two Spaniards, the one a merchant, and the other a Vice Counsul of that nation, had not been released, but were still held by the Dey in very severe custody, on pretence that they were prisoners for debt.

The enquiries which his Lordship felt himself called upon to make into these cases, satisfied him that the confinement of the Vice-Counsul was groundless, and unjustifiable, and he therefore thought himself authorised to demand his release under the articles of the agreement for the deliverance of all Christian prisoners.

It appeared that the merchant was confirmed for an alledged debt, on the score of a contract with the Algerine government—but the circumstances under which the contract was granted to have been forced on the individuals, and the great severity of the confinement which he suffered, determined his Lordship to make an effort in his favour also.

This his Lordship did, by requesting his release from the Dey, offering himself to guarantee to the Dey, the payment of any sum of money which the merchant should be found to owe to his highness.

The Dey having rejected this demand and offer, his Lordship still unwilling to have recourse to extremities, and the renewal of hostilities, proposed that the Spaniards should be released from irons and the miserable dungeons in which they were confined—and that they should be placed in the custody of the Spanish Consul, or at least; that the Consul should be permitted to afford them such assistance and accommodation as was suitable to their rank of life.

These propositions the Dey also positively refused—and Lord Exmouth then felt that the private and pecuniary nature of the transactions for which these persons were confined must be considered as a pretence for the continuance of a cruel and oppressive system of slavery, the total and bona fide abolition of which his instructions directed him to insist on.

He therefore acquainted the Dey, that his Highness having rejected all the fair and equitable conditions proposed to him on this point, his Lordship had determined to insist on the unconditional release of the two Spaniards. He therefore desired an answer yes or no—and, in the event of the latter, stated, that he would immediately re-commence hostilitites, and his Lordship made preparations for the purpose.

These measures had the desired effect, and the two persons were released from a long and severe captivity, so that no Christian prisoner remained at Algiers at his Lordship's departure, which took place on the evening of the 31st inst. with all the ships under his orders.

LONDON, Sept. 30.

Reward of Valour—Commissioners have been sent down to Portsmouth to meet Lord Exmouth,s fleet, to promote three commanders, and 40 midshipmen to be lieutenants.

Captain Brisbane, of the Queen Charlotte, was on Monday sen'night presented by Lord Melville to the Prince Regent, who conferred on him the honor of knighthood for his services at Algiers. He is now, Sir James Brisbane.

London Common Council—At a court held on Thursday, an address was voted to the Prince Regent on the glorious attack on Algiers by Lord Exmouth. A vote of thanks to Lord Exmouth, Admiral Milne, and the captains, officers and seamen, under their command was then unanimously agreed to. The court then voted a sword of 200 guineas value to Lord Exmouth, and one of 100 guineas value to Ad. Milne.

The Leander, with Rear Ad. Milne's flag, has arrived at Torbay, leaving Lord Exmouth's original despatches. She returned home under jury masts, and one of her sides gives dreadful proof of her injuries in battle, being nearly stove in—The Glasgow is also said to have arrived in Torbay.

In only three days after the action 50 men died on board the Impregnable of their wounds. The other ships had suffered proportionably in a similar way.

The British ship St. Antonia, taken by a cruizer belonging to Tripoli, on her passage from Messina to Leghorn, was given up, together with their valuable cargo, the moment the news of the chastisement of the Algerines had reached Tripoli.

Lord Exmouth has been promoted to the rank of a Viscount for his services at Algiers

Extract of a letter from New-Orleans, dated the 2d of October.

We have just received the following intelligence of the total destruction of the formidable Carthagenian squadron of Privateers commanded by Aury, who had formed an establishment amongst the rocks of Matagorda. It was communicated to us by a person who was on board the fleet and witnessed the whole scene.

Our informant states that he sailed from this port for the Havanna in the Spanish ship Felix, and off Matanzas, was captured by a Carthagenian privateer and carried to the Tortugillas, the rendezvous of these privateers and their prizes. That in the space of eleven days, six privateers arrived there with their prizes, consisting of seven Spanish vessels, and a Dutch schooner that was bound from Providence to the Havanna. That they set sail with their prizes for Matagorda, and despatched one of their schooners, the Bellona, to Barataria to land her lieutenant, who was to proceed to New Orleans to give information to the merchants, that the prizes were on the way to Matagorda, and at the same time to get money to pay the men that had been recruited; the Bellona sailed afterwards for Matagorda, but having missed the port, fell in with a piratical schooner called the Petit Napoleon, that sailed without any kind of papers, commanded by a Frenchman called Francois. He offered to pilot the Bellona to Matagorda, and succeeded in getting her into port after great difficulty, as she touched on the reef and was so much damaged as to become quite useless. Five days afterwards the convoy of prizes made its appearance, and on attempting to get them in they were all lost excepting two. That in order to save the articles, that had floated ashore, Aury made the crew and the prisoners work in the most cruel and inhuman manner; that the constant bad treatment which he gave them added to his having deceived them, for when they enlisted at Santo Domingo, he told them they were bound on a cruise: that the prizes were to be sent to New-Orleans, at which place they would receive prize money—this had exasperated them to such a degree, that they resolved to mutiny, and they carried their plan into execution on the night of the 7th of Sept. in the following manner. The crew of the privateer Criolla, consisting of about 70 negroes, commanded by Capt. Bellegarde, commenced by tying down their officers. The captain of the Bellona hearing the noise, sent an officer in a boat to the Criolla. On approaching her the negroes hailed him, and inquired if he intended coming on board, and answering in the affirmative they ordered him to retire, but persisting in his intention they fired a gun at him loaded with Grape shot, which killed every soul in the boat. The mutiny then became general in all the other vessels, and the negroes on shore who garrisoned a fort which Aury had constructed to defend the port, being already prepared, as soon as they heard the fire from the Criolla, proceeded to Aury's tent and summoned him to surrender, he disregarded their threats, and in the act of drawing his sword was shot through the body by one of the negroes, and fell mortally wounded; they then secured all the officers of the privateers and gave them a vessel to go where they chose—they collected the arms and ammunition, and all the effects that were in possesion of Aury, and shipped them on board three schooners, and were to proceed with their booty to St. Domingo. The schooner Bellona was burnt.

Our informant and several other prisoners made their escape in a boat and landed at Barataria and after many difficulties arrived in this city. *U. S. Gazette.*

Singular Wedding.—Tuesday evening, says a London paper, the neighbourhood of Drury lane was thrown into the utmost confusion, in consequence of an extraordinary phenomenon very seldom witnessed. Some sweeps, residing in Charles street, having been married, they resolved to celebrate the day, and about eight o'clock in the evening the bride and bridegroom, attended by a couple more, all mounted on asses, and followed by several hundred spectators, with tin pots, horns, dust bells, watchman's rattles, flambeaux, &c. proceeded through Drury lane, and made their grand entrance into Holburn, up Newton street to the Bank publick house, where they stopped to get some refreshment; but in forming the procession, the bride's Arabian was unfortunately thrown by the pressure of the crowd, and the lady precipitated into the mud. This enraged the bridegroom, who immediately dismounted and began by dealing several blows amongst his neighbours with extreme fury. The consequence was, that a general battle ensued, and several heads were broken. Gardner, the beadle of that district, came up, backed by a dozen knights of the lantern who succeeded in securing several of the sable warriors, which finally dispersed the merry group.

DIVERTING NARRATIVE.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Among the London Extracts sent us in *proof-sheet* yesterday, by our *Philadelphia correspondent*, is the following indicrous narrative. It was originally published in the *London Evening Star*, of the 27th of August, and was designed, as will be perceived, to ridicule the late story of a French peasant, who was introduced to the King, under the pretence that he was charged by an Apparition with advice to his Majesty of high importance to the royal family and Kingdom of France.

AN APPARITION!

Narrative of the appearance of an Apparition to James Sympson, broad cloth weaver, near Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

The encouragement given by the King of France to preternatural monitions, has produced its expected effect; a Ghost has appeared in Yorkshire, to an elderly broad cloth weaver, and every European country will, it is to be hoped, enjoy a similar visitation, for since their rulers will not be moved by what the living and the suffering urge upon them, they may, pehaps, be influenced by the service of the dead.

James Sympson lives at the distance of four miles and three quarters from Huddersfield—he is rather of a melancholy temperament, fond of smoaking, about five feet eight inches high, with a cast in his left eye—was twice married, but has no children by his last wife, halts a little with the right leg, and lost one of his eyebrows when a boy, by the explosion of a sixpenny brass cannon. On the 2d of August, 1815, as he was stepping out of bed at about half past five in the morning, he felt something pulling him back by the shirt; he thought it was his wife, who sometimes does so, but upon turning about he found she was fast asleep, this, he has since acknowledged, somewhat surprised him.

When he attempted to put on his breeches they were suddenly snatched from his hand, and carried with a cracking noise up the chimney, and in this state he was, as he states, irresistably compelled to go into his kitchen, where he discovered a tall thin man, as he then supposed him, dressed in an olive colored great coat, and nankeen trowsers, sitting in a bee hive chair by the fire, who uttered, to the best of his recollection, the following words: "James Sympson, I am going to alarm you; if you have any gin in your house take a glass of it; I am a spirit; I am commissioned to inform you of several points which your own natural reason is utterly incompetent to discover—List, list, oh, list. I see James Sympson that you mistake me—you conceive that I am exhorting you to go into the army, but our army is more than sufficiently numerous, and I am come not to increase but to reduce it." (Here the Ghost took a pinch of snuff, and perceiving that Sympson, between cold and terror, was extremely uncomfortable, he desired him to step for his wife's flannel petticoat, and to put it on him during the rest of their conference.)

Upon his return in the petticoat, the apparition thus continued:

"Observe what I say to you, James, and register it upon your memory, for you must repeat it in high places, there are seventeen flea-bites between your wrist & your elbow, and there are an equal number of spots on the face of the sun, and the bites and the spots have an equal effect on the state of the weather, but when the cold passes away we shall have warm weather, and when the rain ceases the weather will become dry. I appeared to Mr. Cobbett on my way here, and told him jocularly that the corn would not ripen, but I see he has taken it seriously, and set down in his journal a long paragraph on the state of the harvest. But what I say to you, James, is in earnest, for you must go on the outside of the coach, and repeat it to those high in authority; and as, perhaps, James, (for Ghosts have a privilege of speaking unintelligible) in the course of this conversation, I may make use of words not perfectly level to your understanding, I conjure you to have them written down on a piece of paper, and apply for an explanation of them to the Rev. Dr. Dunderdosy, the rector of the parish; he is now at Charltenham, getting rid of the bile, and will thence go to Bath to fix the gout in his feet, and will proceed to Tunbridge to establish an appetite, and will finally return here to get in his tythes—call upon him with a list of the words; I will in the interim warn him in a dream to purchase a second hand copy of Johnson's Dictionary, and thus will he be enabled to expound to you the obscure terms in my discourse. James Sympson, the taxation is erroneous—it is gradually obliterating the middling class, so that if it continues we shall have a society composed of sinecure placeholders and paupers, men in carriages and men in rags, of idlers, and of beggars, of parishers and slaves—the only remedy for this is *retrenchment*—those who can will avoid them by emigrating, and if this be attempted to be prohibited by an import, the persons interested will come back to be sure, but then it will be for the purpose of selling their properties, taking away their capital, and quitting their country for ever, and this, James, Sympson, will not mend the matter. Sinecure places unmerited pensions are an abomination—a canker that is gradually sapping the vital principles of honor and independence—a premium to corruption, the guilty fee in many eminent instances of their country's rights—a bait for rats, a cordial for borough mongers. Get on the outside of the coach, Jemmy Sympson—I will warn the driver in a dream to secure the outside place for you, and never stop except upon necessary and urgent occasions till you get to London. There is a large house in Pall Mall, on the right or left hand as you happen to go up or down the street—knock at the door one knock, a middling knock, neither too strong nor too weak—I will warn the porter in a dream to admit you, for without such a precaution you would never pass the gate, Jemmy Sympson. Proceed into the dwelling, and will behold strange sights, but be not dismayed.

You will see green, red and blue dragons, but they will not bite you—you will also see mandarins shaking their heads at you, but do not take their nodding to yourself, you are neither a foreign ambassador nor a page of the back stairs—turn to the right and then to the left, and then again to the right, and you will come to a door, which you will open, and in the closet you will find a man putting on a wig, and say to that man what I have said to you, and write on a sheet of paper the word RETRENCHMENT in large characters, and get four wafers, and paste it on the wall of the closet, and when you have performed all this, retire, and return by the coach to your wife, and work, if you can get anything to do, and if not, apply to the overseers, and if they cannot provide for you, you will do your utmost to starve with as much propriety as the most respectable among them."

After having uttered these mysterious words, the apparition walked out of the room, mounted his horse, and became totally invisible at the end of a quarter of a mile, there being at that distance a turn in the road. Mr. Sympson, after recovering a little from his astonishment, ran to his wife, who had just wakened, and was nearly as much surprised at his adoption of her flannel petticoat, as he had been at his interview with the spirit; he related to her all that happened, but she told him he was an old fool, and desired him to mind his business, and not disturb himself or her with such trumpery!

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1816.

The Baltimore Patriot intimates, that the French Minister has demanded the dismissal of the Post Master of Baltimore, for giving a public toast, in which Louis the 18th. was stigmatized as an "Imbecile Tyrant." The answer is said to have been very laconic, and unsatisfactory.

UNITED STATES BANK.

The arrangements for business (says the Aurora) are very forward—the plates for the bank notes are under the graver, and the paper making.

The new bank notes will possess many new guards, of the most ingenious character, against imitation—to which the talents of the truly ingenious and eminent Mr. Perkins have contributed.

The directors of the Bank of the United States, have passed a resolution to establish branches at Boston, New York, Baltimore, Charleston, and New-Orleans, to go into operation as soon as the necessary preparations can be made.

A petition is signing in New-Jersey, praying the Legislature of that State to instruct their members of Congress to endeavor to induce Congress to establish a colony on the coast of Africa, to receive from the United States the blacks in this country who are free or may become free.

It is proposed at New Orleans to organize a company with a capital of 150,000 dollars, to build a steam boat to run between New Orleans and New York, with liberty to touch at the Havanna.

Extract to a respectable House in Baltimore dated,

NEW-YORK NOV. 8.

Mr. Daschkoff, the Russian Minister, has notified our government that his mission is at an end, and that he shall leave this country as soon as he can arrange his affairs. This is the result of a negociation between him and our government, relative to the arrest sometime since of Kosloff, the Russian Consul General, for a *criminal offence* committed in Philadelphia; *and this last step is in conformity with positive instruction from his government.* The same *edict* which dictated these orders will in all probability, refuse an audience to our minister *Mr. Pinkney*, and may even throw some obstacles in the way of our trade. Mr. Daschkoff leaves this city to day, and sells his furniture during the next week."—*Balt. Pat.*

Washington City, Nov. 2.

Public Buildings.—The workmen at the president's house are engaged in constructing the roof. It will not, it is probable, be long before this beautiful structure will be restored to its "pristine" elegance.—Great activity also prevails at the Capitol, in forwarding the repairs of that magnificent building. A wall, enclosing the square in front of the Capitol, is nearly completed.

Gaz.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the *Falcon*, arrived at Boston, the editors of the Centinel have received London papers to the 1st October.

The Dutch Admiral DE CAPELLAN'S official despatch had been published. It is more minute, and better written than Viscount EXMOUTH'S. The Algerines, he says, had 50,000 men on their ramparts. "The coolness and order," he says, "with which the terrible fire of the batteries was replied to, close to the massy walls of Algiers, will as little admit of description, as the heroism and self-devotion of each individual generally, and the greatness of Lord EXMOUTH, in particular, in the attack of this memorable day."

"The destruction of half Algiers, and the burning of the whole fleet, have been the result of it."

He mentions, that when the *Queen Charlotte* was in great danger from a burning wreck, Lord EXMOUTH refused the assistance offered him of all the fleet, & replied, "I have calculated every thing. Continue your fire."

The Impregnable had 268 shot in her, 50 below her lower deck ports; of which many were 68 pounders. She expended 16½ tons powder, 120 tons of shot, fifty-four 32 pound rockets, and thirty eight-inch shells.

"The Dey's Prime Minister was beheaded after the action, because he was considered as the principal of the French party, whose influence had prevailed on the Dey to refuse the overtures of the Prince Regent."

It appears by the journals of the fleet, that as Lord EXMOUTH entered Algiers Bay he met a *French frigate coming out, which had been negociating there.*

HAYTI—The installation of general Petion, on the 10th ultimo, as president *for life* of the Haytian government, is an event of too much moment in itself (not to speak of consequences) to be overlooked in the chronicles of the times. We need not censure the blacks for establishing a permanent executive so soon, when the whites of Europe think that the executive ought to be all-in-all the fountain of honour and power, the absolute dispenser of laws and charters, and the vice-regent of God upon earth! We will not blame the poor blacks of Hispaniola for surrendering their rights to a president for life, while *the whites of these United States* are content to receive a president by perpetual cabal and hereditary usurpation. The consequences of the direction given to the new empire that has arisen in Hayti, may become of vast importance. The talents of Petion, superior to those of the kings of Europe, may so extend its sway, that blacks ere long shall be sovereign slaves (excuse the catachresis) in all the West India Islands. Account of proceedings hereafter.

HEIDELBURG, Aug 22.—An event remarkable in its kind happened here on the 20th: Charles Witte, (whose name is already well known) who in his thirteenth year was Doctor of Philosophy, and in his fourteenth Member of the Literary Society of the Wirterean, attained, after two years, study of jurisprudence the degree of Doctor of Laws. He went through the first and most rigid examination, *summa cum laude*, and he went through the public disputation so brilliantly, that all the Academy joined when Professor Zacharia created him Doctor, in a speech highly honorable for both. [*London Paper.*

Bristol Sept. 18—The exhibition of Bonaparte's military carriage and equipage, taken at Waterloo, has already been visited in Bristol by 15,600 persons; it will remain open during the present week, and not longer. The public seem scarcely aware that the display of Napoleon's splendid property in the adjoining apartment, is much more costly and magnificent than those taken in the carriage, those being intended for use only during his campaigns, while the other formed the ostentatious decorations of his superb palaces, from whence they have been procured by Mr. Bullock, by great interest, and at a serious expense. We understand that an appropriate triumphal apartment, is now erecting at the Museum in London, to receive permanently these splendid trophies of the vigour, courage, and discipline, of the British army.

Mutiny and Murder.—A Boston paper of Nov. 5, says, that captain Hathaway, a passenger in ship Pylades, Fripp, 49 days from Copenhagen, "confirms the account received here on Sunday, respecting the schooner Plattsburgh having been carried into Norway by the crew. He states, that the Plattsburgh was from Smyrna, or some other part of the Mediterranean, bound to the United States, and had on board about $42,000 in specie, and some cargo—the crew rose on the officers, (when or where not stated,) and the captain was killed immediately; the supercargo and mate fought for some length of time, with such weapons as they could lay hold of, until, through loss of blood, fatigue, and superior numbers, they fell beside their beloved commander. The crew consisted of 14 persons, among which were only three Americans, which have been arrested, and one Dane, at Copenhagen, who have acknowledged the bloody deed before the police of that place. They are turned over to the court of chancery, where it was expected the proceedings would take up nearly six months. The Dane plead not guilty, but says he was forced to be silent; however, he did not refuse his share of the money, and forgot to make any discovery until joined by the others. The schooner was carried into Mandell, Norway, where the crew were living in great style, upon their ill gotten wealth—it was said they spent from 90 to $100 a day per man. The Americans and Dane, went from Norway to Copenhagen, where they purchased a small vessel, and furnished her with plenty of provisions, for the purpose of making off with themselves, and gave out they were going on a smuggling voyage to Sweden, and thus the vessel was loaded with goods suitable for that purpose. On applying to clear out, their passports were demanded—not having any, suspicions were at once entertained that they were part of the crew of the Plattsburgh, (the circumstance having been known for several days previous,) and their vessel was ordered to be searched, and instead of finding goods suitable for smuggling, nothing but water and provisions were found on board—they were immediately arrested, and on being carried to the police office, acknowledged every circumstance attending the bloody transactions they had been partakers of. The name of the owner of the Plattsburgh is John M'Quin, of Baltimore—those murdered were Mr. Barnard, supercargo; captain Hagget, and Mr. Essen, mate."—*N. Y. Col.*

[*From the New-York Evening Post* Nov. 6.]

Burglars detected.—The store of Messrs. Dunham and Auchincloss has been entered by a gang of villains seven times within the last six weeks, the money desk broken open and rifled of its contents. Last night two of the gang repeated their visit. They entered at one of the back windows with a crowbar, and as soon as they had got cleverly into the store and were about to commence their operations, two young men who slept in the second story, came rapidpidly down stairs and advanced upon them with drawn swords.

One of them succeeded in making good his retreat out at the same window that he came in, without receiving any injury. The other being more closely pressed as the battle waxed warm, missed his way and retreated up stairs backwards, defending himself with his crowbar, until he reached the flat of the stairs, when he jumped over the banister and leaped out of the window into the yard, but not without first having received a severe cut with a broad sword across his back and shoulders. Both, in their hurry to get off left their hats behind, in one of which was written the name of the owner in full. This led to a detection of both. Their names are Richard Swims and Alexander Kennedy.

They both boarded at a house in Water-street, the rear of which nearly butted on the yard of Messrs. Dunham & Auchincloss. Kennedy was taken on the corner of Nassau and Wall-streets, about an hour after he escaped, by Mr. Dunham. A scuffle ensued, which lasted some time, until a Mr. Graham came to his assistance. They then secured the villain, and marched him off to the watch-house. On the way there he disclosed where his accomplice might be found, which was in the cabouse on board a ship lying between Burling ship and Fly market.

On repairing to the ship, sure enough there was Swims, snugly stowed away in the cabouse, apparently fast asleep, and very much intoxicated. But means were soon found to awake him up, and place him in more comfortable lodgings for the remainder of the night. On comparing the hand writing of Swims with the note which was left on the desk of Messrs. Major & Gillispie, when their store was robbed, signed "*Abaellino*," there is every reason to believe he is the writer. They are both lodged in Bridewell, to take their trial at the next sitting.

MEMORANDA.

Nature appears in Switzerland in some of its most awful and majestic forms. The stupendious summits of the Alps, clothed in eternal snow, the glaciers or seas of ice, intersected with numerous fissures, the tremendous precipices, the descending torrents, and dashing cataracts, are objects singularly terrific, and sublime. Sometimes masses of snow and ice loosened from these mountains are suddenly precipitated into the vallies below, sweeping away flocks and villages in their course, and even the mountains themselves sometimes burst asunder, and overwhelm thousands of people by their fall.

From steep to steep loud thund'ring down they come.

A wintry waste in dire commotion all;
And herds and flocks, and travellers and swains,
And sometimes whole brigades of marching troops,
Or Hamlets sleeping in the dead of night,
Are deep beneath the smoth'ring ruin whelm'd.

Brazil is chiefly celebrated for its gold and diamond mines. The latter are near Villa Nova de Principe, about 17 degrees south latitude. These mines belong exclusively to the crown. The diamonds of Brazil are not so fine as those of Hindostan. These are the only countries yet known to afford the diamond. One of the largest yet discovered, was sent from Brazil to the king of Portugal. It weighed 12½ ounces, and has been valued at 252,388,886 dollars. The most minute precautions are taken in Brazil to prevent the concealment of diamonds by persons of every description, coming from the mines: they are not only stripped-naked, and minutely searched but even their horses and mules are purged.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's court, of the county of Allegheny, will be sold at public sale, at the house of Wm. Goorly, on the premises, in Pine township, on Monday the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, a certain messuage and tract of land, situate in Pine township, Allegheny county, containing about one hundred acres, and allowance of six per cent. for roads, being part of the real estate of James Lambdin, deceased. By order of the Court.

E. PENTLAND, Clk. O. C. A. C.

Clerks Office, Pittsburgh, Nov 20, 1816—3t

N. B. Due attendance will be given, and the terms be made known at the time and place of sale by ROBERT PATTERSON,

Guardian of the heirs of James Lambdin, dec'd.

FOR SALE

120 DOZEN HEARTH TILE, 160,000 first quality BRICKS, Lime, Bar sand, and building materials in general, by

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, November 22, 1816—3t

James Amberson

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has just received a handsome assortment of

DRY GOODS.

suitable for the present season, which will be sold low for cash or country produce—And also, have at my shops a large and elegant assortment of

Cloths, Cassimere, Velvets and Cords of every description,

with a very large assortment of

Ready made Clothing of every kind, &c.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 22, 1816—3t

STORAGE & COMMISSION.

THE SUBSGRIBER

HAS COMMENCED THE

Storage & Commission Business

IN a large and convenient *WAREHOUSE* two doors from the corner of Front in Wood street, where he will be happy to receive and forward Merchandize, purchase and sell, for those who may favour him with their business, on the usual terms. The public may depend on punctual attention to their commands in the above business.

WILLIAM B FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf.

FOR SALE,

By the Bale or Piece,

AT THE WAREHOUSE OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF WINTER

GOODS,

CONSISTING of, Coarse and middling six quarter Cloths of different colours; Coatings, Baizes, Kersey Moleskin, blue Plains, Swansdown vesting, Blankets, Flannels, Cords and Velvets—Also, a few first quality wrought ANVILS and VICES, which will be disposed of low for cash or acceptances, at two, four and six months.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf

Cash for Rye.

THE highest price in cash will be paid for *two thousand bushels of good merchantable RYE*, if delivered before the first of February next.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf

German Redemptioners.

ARRIVED from Holland in ship Amphitrite Farmers, Gardeners, Potters, Taylors, Shoemakers, Bakers, Butchers, Carpenters, Cabinet makers, Musical instrument makers, Weavers, Brewers, Gilders, Diamond cutters, Vineyardmen, Millers, Stocking weavers, Blacksmiths, Wheelwrights, Sempstresses, Sugar refiners, Distillers, Shepherds, Confectioners, Coopers, Glaziers, Masons, &c.

Servants—Boys and Girls, who wish to bind themselves for their passage money. Apply on board the ship lying in the stream, opposite Callowhill street, or to

GLAZER & SMITH,

No. 151, South Front street, Philadelphia, or to

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 19, 1816—3t

THEODORE MAZURIE,

In Diamond alley, next to Osthoff, Silversmith,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

Fresh Winter Goods.

WITH a general assortment of others, as low as any in market. *SPANISH CIGARS*, 1st, 2d and 3d quality.

ALSO FOR SALE,

Three Tracts of Land,

containing about 900 acres, thirty miles up the Allegheny river, on Buffalo creek.

November 1, 1816—3t

Steubenville Cloth.

THE subscribers have received, and offer for Sale

An assortment of Cloths,

MANUFACTURED at Steubenville, well worth the particular attention of the public.

ON HAND,

A well chosen assortment of

Dry Goods and Hardware,

Which they are disposed to sell on the most liberal terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ & Co.

In Wood, between First and Second Streets.

Pittsburgh, August 31.—3mq

HENRY DOANE,

Offers for sale in Water, between Market and Wood streets,

ROSIN SOAP,
Spanish & common Segars
Hyson skin and Young Hyson tea
Carolina Indigo
Whiting
Madder
Kegs and half kegs Kentucky tobacco
Flour
Writing and wrapping paper
Rosin
Shott, all sizes
Gunpowder
Cotton and wool cards
Juniper berries

An elegant assortment of penknives
Files, Padlocks
Stock and knoblocks
Brass and plated candlesticks
Powder flasks
Bolts and gimblets
Till, cupboard & chest locks
Butt hinges' screws
Razors and razor cases
Wheel irons, frying pans
Straw knives, vices
Wagon boxes, &c. &c.

Together with drawing and halter Chains, axes, hatchets, mattocks, hoes, and castings—50 kegs Cut nails—a variety of foreign Liquors—8000lbs Kentucky Bacon—10 bls Salt.

Pittsburgh, September 3, 1816.

AN ACCOUNT OF

LEE'S

Patent and Family Medicines:

Celebrated for the cure of most diseases to which the human body is liable,

PARTICULARLY

Worms,	Corns,
Coughs and Colds,	Itch,
Asthma,	Diseases of the Eyes,
Consumption,	Ringworms, Tetters,
Gout,	&c.
Rheumatism,	Inward weaknesses,
Sprains,	Nervous disorders,
Palsy,	Female complaints,
Head ache,	Hooping cough.
Tooth ache,	

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers.

The proprietor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventative; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance—they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

In sickly times or places, a dose should be taken every fortnight, and if there is reason to apprehend personal danger, it may be taken once a week.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S
Worm Destroying Lozenges.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of a similar title so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is, its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent and is so mild in its operation, that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach or bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many other fatal disorders.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the "vomiting and purging of children," a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance and an agreeable taste.

HAMILTON'S
Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

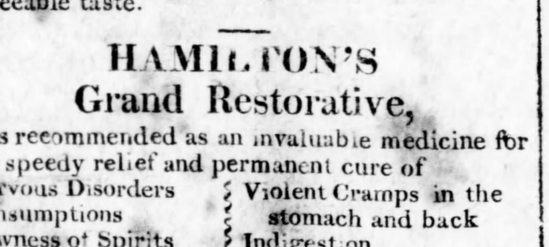
Nervous Disorders	Violent Cramps in the
Consumptions	stomach and back
Lowness of Spirits	Indigestion
Loss of Appetite	Melancholy
Impurity of the Blood	Gout in the stomach
Hysterical Affections	Pains in the Limbs
Inward Weaknesses	Relaxations, &c

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive powers, and sending forth from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it; braces, without stimulating too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels, and the general habit, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations had destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into langour and debility.

HAMILTON'S
Essence & Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, asthmatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, &c.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted both for external and internal use.



ITCH CURED,
By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease, (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the itch, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application: the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the pleasantest pomatum.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of every kind, on the face and skin, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburn, prickly heat, &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs

To parents who have children afflicted with the

Hooping Cough,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable; the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

HAHN'S
True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infaliable remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE
AGUE & FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

The above celebrated medicines are received from *LEE'S* Patent Medicine Store, New York, and are sold by particular appointment at the store of

MESSRS. BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, who are sole agents for *Pittsburgh.*

November 15, 1816—1awtf

Grand National Lottery.

SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.
10,000 Dollars,

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME.

1	Prize	of	$35,000	is $35,000
1	do.		25,000	25,000
1	do.		10,000	10,000
1	do.		5,000	5,000
1	do.		2,000	2,000
4	do.		1,000	4,000
50	do.		600	30,000
50	do.		100	5,000
100	do.		50	5,000
208	do.		25	5,200
1000	do.		15	15,000
9800	do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th 19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance o drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

Mayor's Court,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH,

CLERK'S OFFICE, *November* 1, 1816.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Mayor's Court, for the City of Pittsburgh, will be held at the Court House, in the said City, on Monday the 25th inst. of which all persons bound by recognizance, and all others concerned, are required to take notice.

JOHN GILLAND, *Clerk.*

For Sale.

TWO LOTS, Nos. 160 and 171, in the town of M'Keesport.—For terms apply at my office in the Diamond.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Conveyancer.*

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1, 1816—tf

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, BY

Dennis S. Scully,

IN MARKET STREET, AN INVOICE OF

Seasonable Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

CALICOES, Dimities,
Ginghams, Jaconet Muslins,
Cambrick Muslins, Flag Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Cloths, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

London Particular Madeira Wine, } warranted
Ditto do. Teneriffe do. } genuine.
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
Ditto Old Jamaica Spirits,
A few barrels Java Coffee,
Lump and Loaf Sugar,
Copperas, Indigo, Logwood, &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage, for Cash, or approved notes at 60 or 90 days.

Pittsburgh, 20th August, 1816. 2awtf

FOR SALE,

By RICHARD BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, French Brandy,
Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Currant } Wines,
Juniata Barr Iron
American, Blister and Crowley Steel
English Crowley do.
Rolled Iron and Nail Rods,
Castings assorted,
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2 & 3, Post do.
Medium and Demy Paper, Wrapping do.
Bonnet Boards,
Window Glass and Bottles,
Birmingham Queensware,
Spanish flotant Indigo,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Cotton Yarn,
Kentucky Segars,
Kentucky Twist and Sweet-scented Tobacco,
Bell Cords and Plough Lines,
Pig Lead, Logwood, White Lead,
Merino and Common Wool Hats,
Axes, Hoes and Chains,
Screw Augers first quality,
Mill Saws. ALSO,
18 Boxes Tin Plate.

August 15, 1816. 2aw6m.

ARMSTRONG & EWING,

Wood Street, between Second and Third Streets,

PITTSBURGH,

HAVE FOR SALE,

MUSCOVADA SUGAR
Loaf and Lump do.
Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas
Chocolate, Pepper, Alspice
Ginger, race and ground
Mustard in kegs and bottles
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs
Sallad Oil in Bottles,
Raisins, best Muscatel
Spanish Indigo, Rice, Starch
Porter Corks, Madder, Copperas
Spanish Segars
Sweet scented Kentucky Tobacco, &c. &c.
Prime Shad
Do. Mackarel
No 1, Herrings
French Cogniac Brandy, first quality, 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, do. 4th proof
Holland Gin
Madeira, Teneriffe, Port and Lisbon Wines

which they will dispose of on low terms, and are regularly supplied with a select collection of the best

Groceries, Spirits and Wines.

Pittsburgh, October 31, 1816. tf

M'DONNEL & EKIN,

HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segars of a superior quality, and cut nails of every description.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1awtf.

The Real Estate of
STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

$1 37½
FOR WHEAT,

WILL be given at the PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

October 15, 1816.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Countr.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most compleate history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery, Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing & great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased,

I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brooke County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 250 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There is between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which is good meadow land. The buildings consist in two log dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine springs of good water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River, five miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of his farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816. tf

110 Packages,
OF
Cheap Goods,
JUST RECEIVED,
BY
Johnston and M'Clelland,

Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

COMPRISING a very general assortment, which they have the pleasure of offering to their customers and the public generally, on accommodating terms,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

October 15—1awtf.

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail
STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee	Pepper
Common do.	Allum
Young Hyson Tea	Copperas
Nutmegs	Madder
Cloves	Indigo, Bengal & Spanish
Cinnamon	Rosin Soap
Alspice	

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.